Tordow & Phone Training

Alexander Campbiell

Fac of the

Christian Churches





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TO-DAY'S PICTORIAL STORY

OF

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL

AND THE

CHRISTIAN CHURCHES



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Intent and Purpose

TO GIVE THOSE WHO APPRECIATE THE CAMPBELLS AND THEIR APOSTOLIC LABORS SOMETHING OF BEAUTY AND WORTH TO CHERISH AMONG THEIR TREASURES, THIS WORK IS PRESENTED BY ONE WHO SEES THE MAN AND THE MOVEMENT FROM THE OUTSIDE, AND IS CHARMED INTO VENERATION



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Early History

HE starting point for the life story of Alexander Campbell is near the village of Ballymena, in the northern part of Ireland. Just outside of its borders, was a humble cottage surrounded by a few acres of land, in which, more than a hundred years ago, two worthy young people, Thomas and Jane Campbell, began life together. Both were blessed with a noble ancestry, and brought into the home a treasure of more value than wealth or title, a deep religious purpose and sterling qualities of character.

Thomas Campbell had descended from the valiant Scotch stock, the Campbells of Argyle, which covered itself with glory in the days of Scotland's political and religious struggles.

At the time of the birth of their first-born, Alexander, in 1788, the future offered little encouragement to them.

The early life of Alexander Campbell found its development in an intensely religious atmosphere, and in the family Christ was something more than a name. He was an abiding Guest, and his word was a treasure whose aroma filled the home with fragrance. A part of the home regime was the daily memorizing of the scriptures by the younger members of the family.

The early schooling by his parents and later instruction in nearby academies proved only a partial success. For discipline, he was put to work on a farm, which proved to be no small factor in the making of the man, for under the invigorating influences of outdoor life, he gained in health and developed that iron constitution that served him so well in the unremitting labors of later years. His father continued to personally superintend his education, and it was here at the fireside university that the genius of Alexander Campbell began to display itself. He accepted Christ, and accepted him for service, immediately uniting with the Presbyterian Church to which his father ministered.

Misfortune after misfortune overtook his father's family, which, in the end, proved to be the leadings of Providence towards a complete preparation for the great work that was to consume his energies. After much prayerful consideration, it was finally decided that Thomas Campbell should immediately embark upon a voyage across the Atlantic, and as soon as a suitable location had been found in the New World, the other members of the family should follow.

He left his native country in the spring of 1807 and proceeded to Western Pennsylvania, where several of his old neighbors had located. During March, 1808, preparations were completed for the family to join him, but owing to illness, they were detained many months, and again after embarking were shipwrecked, with the result that they

stayed in Scotland. This proved to be an opportunity for young Campbell to enter the University of Glasgow, and by his capacity for work in addition to his studies, he managed to defray his expenses teaching private classes in Latin, grammar, and arithmetic.

On August 3, 1809, the family finally left for America. The father, Thomas Campbell, had provided a home in the village of Washington, Pa., where the family circle was happily reunited.

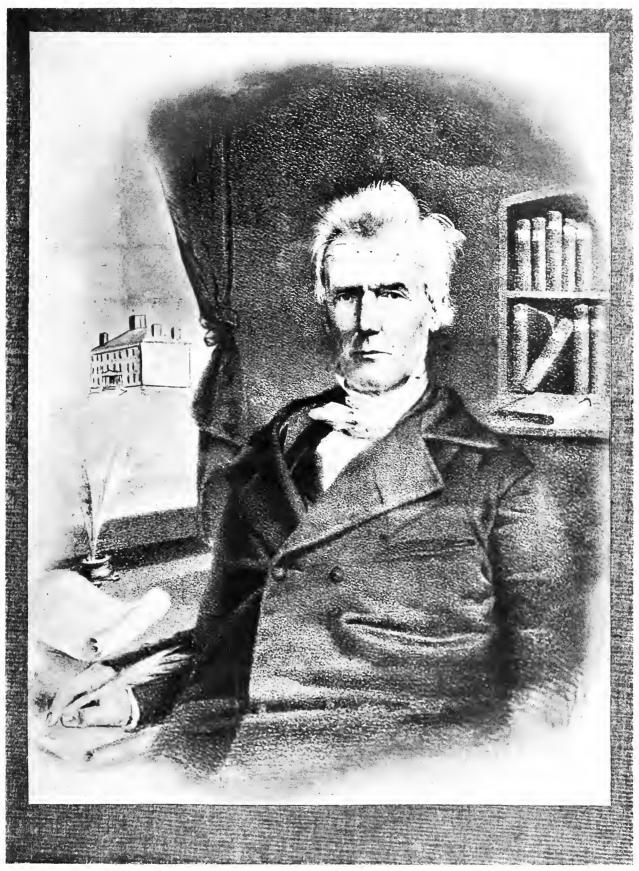
Alexander now availed himself of every opportunity for self-improvement, and his desire to express his high ideals led him to contribute to the Washington *Reporter*. These writings brought about many an argument and conflict.

At the age of twenty-two, Alexander seems to have taken a prominent part in public worship, and during the summer of 1810, preached his first sermon.

To him, life was full of great problems, and the choosing of a wife who was to share in their solution was not the least serious business before him. During one of Thomas Campbell's visits at the home of Mr. Brown, he promised some favorite books, and later sent them by his son, Alexander. It was then he met Miss Margaret Brown, who became his wife on March 12, 1811. Later this old home of the Browns was given to Alexander Campbell and his wife, Margaret, to induce them to stay along old Buffalo Creek, and give up new plans for Christian work in Ohio.

Thus we have touched upon human interests in the life of this great man, which is told much more fully in Thomas Grafton's "Life of Alexander Campbell."





PORTRAIT OF ALEXANDER CAMPBELL IN 1859
From a Litho loaned by Mr. Wilkin
The interesting scene in the background is of the first Bethany College Building

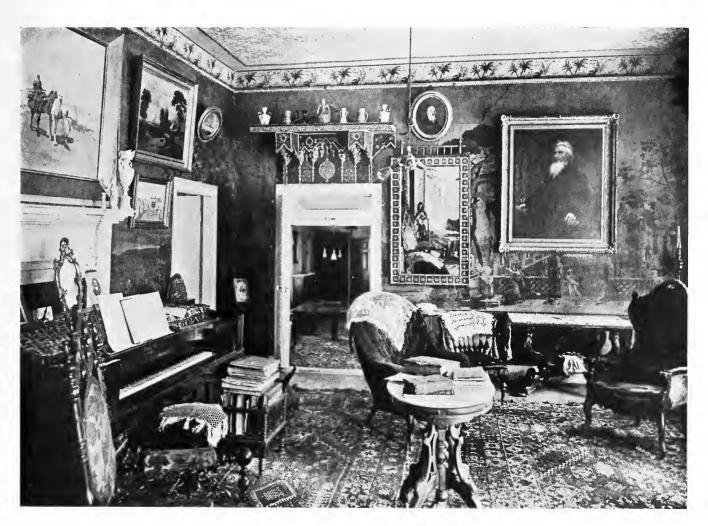


THE CAMPBELL HOMESTEAD

This venerable pile of buildings, old and new, was the home of the stranger and visitor in days gone by, more than any other spot in all this region — indeed there were few spots in all the world like it. People came here from far distant points, even Europe, not to stay a day or two, nor even a week, but for weeks and months, thus keeping the capacious old edifice occupied to its limits, and all this without money and without price; and this has been the spirit of the old home in which some members of the Campbell family have lived since 1811. The old portion of the house is entirely covered over with the newer parts, but is still in a good state of preservation. The foundation is excellent, and the weather-boarding of oak is sound; all else is the same as when built.

Even the nails that were made by a nearby blacksmith from iron brought over the mountains on pack-horses are sound. The ceilings are low and are covered with walnut (both side wall and ceilings). This now valuable wood is in perfect condition and is tongued and grooved same as our lumber is finished to-day; but all hand-work — a grand place in former days. It was built by an old millwright, who married a woman who had been rescued from the Indians. The front door of this small, old edifice remains as it was originally placed, opening into the hall of the big house; great strap iron hinges that reach across it are of much interest to the visitor. In the old house — a very small part of the big mansion — Alexander Campbell was married March 11, 1811.

During the year 1819, the big part of the home as you now see it was erected for the purpose of accommodating students and friends. It was called Buffalo Seminary then, and in years became Bethany, and it is the location of Bethany's first postoffice.



THE NEW PARLOR

Which is in the smaller building of this great dwelling house, was built in 1836.

The original wall paper in this room (which was the newest thing of the times) is to-day in perfect condition and of great interest to all visitors.

It illustrates history and romance, and must have beguiled the fancy of many a guest. Old and young forgot their embarrassment by interest in these varied scenes, in which were idealized West Point pictures and ancient legends—all in quaint old colorings, and to-day this room is the charm of the great home.

At the left is the door to the Garfield room, called so for memory's sake, as it was occupied for several weeks by James A. Garfield, then an active young man, interested in the great thought movements of the day, and a great admirer of Alexander Campbell. The door in the centre of the picture leads to the old dining-room, where it is possible to seat fifty guests, — it is a long room, quaint and beautiful, and suggests the generous hospitality of the Campbell family. The portrait at the right of the picture is that of Alexander Campbell. The scenic pictures above the piano are paintings by Mrs. Barclay made during times of foreign travel. All these treasures, together with great stores of old keepsakes, make one harmonious whole, the preservation of which is due to the thoughtful care of Mrs. Decima Campbell Barclay.

MRS. BARCLAY

Could I tell you individually what Mrs. Barclay is, and just what a wealth of good cheer and gentle spirit she has at heart to respond to your greeting, this brief sketch would not be necessary.

Mrs. Barclay is the tenth child of Alexander Campbell, and wife of J. J. Barclay — a descendant of a family which, from the time of President Washington down to 1865, held consular positions of much importance. Thirty years of their lives were spent in Alabama, being near neighbors to General Joe Wheeler; and for a number of years they owned and occupied the home of Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, and now for many years they have occupied the old Campbell house, and due to Mrs. Barclay are the thanks and love of all the Christian Church for preserving and maintaining the grand old home in the way it was always known to have been kept.



AN "AT HOME" PORTRAIT OF MRS. BARCLAY

Who, on the second day of the Centennial, October 12, 1909, will celebrate her 69th birthday. On the day following, she will meet many of her old classmates of Pleasant Hill Seminary, some of whom she has not seen since graduation day, 1857.

In our picture, the old spinning-wheel may mislead some into believing that the use of it was one of her accomplishments. Perhaps it was — I don't know — but the wheel is an old treasure from out the old original house, now a small part of the big house, and, like herself, is one of the household treasures. Mrs. Barclay is entertaining, lovable, and altogether the dearest elderly person I have ever met. Show her how you appreciate her old keepsakes, and she will warm to you with all her heart; and from her you feel the spirit of the old day hospitality and realize much of what the old home must have been while the venerable sage of Bethany lived.



VIEW TOWARD STUDY FROM PARLOR A scene expressive of culture and refinement.

"Good works are much more wanted than good nations. Millions are consumed on the lusts of men for thousands that are laid up on deposit in the Bank of Heaven.

Alexander Campbell



In the left of this picture is the favorite parlor chair of Alexander Campbell; in the center, on the table, lies his Bible, written in eight languages; on the right, the favorite chair of James A. Garfield, who spent many weeks at the Campbell home. Mr. Garfield was nominated for president by Archibald Campbell.

"There is a fullness of joy, a fullness of glory, and a fullness of blessedness, of which no living man, however enlightened, however enlarged, however gifted, ever found or entertained one adequate conception."

Alexander Campbell



The above picture is of the house where the "Millenial Harbinger" was printed for a number of years, and is still in a good state of preservation. It is owned by Mrs. Richardson, a relative of the Campbell family. In some of the rooms are worn places in the floor caused by continued work about the presses. The publication ceased as a regular issue about 1865.

It is impossible to convey any adequate conception of Mr. Campbell as a preacher. He was not a sermon writer, and nothing but the barest outlines of a few of his sermons have been preserved. But even if we now possessed his discourses in full, they would fail to reveal the secret of the spell the great preacher was able to throw about his audiences. There is an element in the public address which, like the fragrance of the flower, cannot be preserved. The thoughts remain, but the personality of the thinker is gone. Our knowledge of one whose voice has long been silenced must come from those who have felt the power of his eloquence.



THE CHURCH ROOM AS IT IS TO-DAY

The pulpit is the same as in the Old Stone Church, which stood where the present one now is, and from it Thomas Campbell, Walter Scott, Isaac Errett, Alexander Campbell and others have preached.



THE OLD BRICK CHURCH AT_BETHANY



WELLSBURG CHURCH

On August 31, 1823, Alexander Campbell and others from the Brush Run Church organized the second church at Wellsburg, W. Va. Thos. Campbell was its first minister, and his grandson, William, is at present a deacon. In 1848, the present building, shown in the cut, was erected. The congregation numbers about four hundred, contributes to all missionary enterprises, and is in a prosperous Francis M. Biddle is condition. the minister.

In the spring of 1850, while in the vicinity of Washington, D. C., Mr. Campbell ceived a pressing invitation from both Houses of Congress to deliver an address in the Capitol. It is doubtful if such a scene has ever been witnessed in our National Capitol before or since. The House of Representatives was filled to overflowing. Here, after a hymn and prayer, Mr. Campbell was introduced and addressed the assembly from John 3:17:—"For God sent not His Son into the World to condemn the World; but that the World through Him might be saved."



THE STUDY AND WORKSHOP OF ALEXANDER CAMPBELL
The "Block House" of the Great Restoration Movement

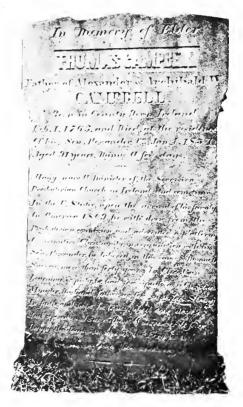
A portion of a letter written by Alexander Campbell to his daughters: — "Next to my own personal and eternal salvation through my Lord and Savior, there is nothing on earth dearer to me than your present spiritual and eternal good. I wish you to be intelligent, pure, and influential on earth; loving and beloved as far as mortals like you can be. Be ornaments to the Kingdom of Jesus Christ, respectful and respected, honorable and honored, good and happy, as my daughters ought to be. On you all God has bestowed good mental capacities, powers of acquiring and communicating knowledge, fine feeling, and many excellencies, capable of much improvement, and of rendering you very useful in society. Now, let me say to you that you are thereby under great responsibilities, and let me remind you that you should seek to be more intelligent, more amiable, and more exemplary every day. I do not say this as though I did not think you as much so now as any of my wide and extended acquaintances, but because I wish you to be of unrivalled excellence."





THE WESTMINSTER ABBEY OF BETHANY

In this beautiful plot, surrounded by a thick stone wall having no gate, is the burial place of many noted personages of early-day Bethany.





FINAL RESTING PLACE OF ALEXANDER CAMPBELL

When Mr. Campbell was about to step down from the pulpit at the close of his last public address he said:

"Do you think that there is any standstill point in Heaven? No; the soul is ever onward, thirsting for the fountains of righteousness that make glad the city of God."

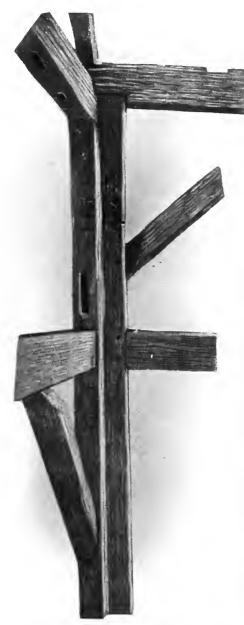
The first meeting-house erected by the Campbells and their associates is known as Brush Run Church. It was situated on the farm of William Gilchrist about two miles above the junction of Brush Run with Buffalo Creek. Its exact location as found to-day is about a half mile from any public road, on a high hill.

Where the building stood is now entirely grown over with a small growth of trees and, but for a few visible blocks of limestone appearing mysteriously in regular lines, forming a rectangle, the location of this place would be difficult.



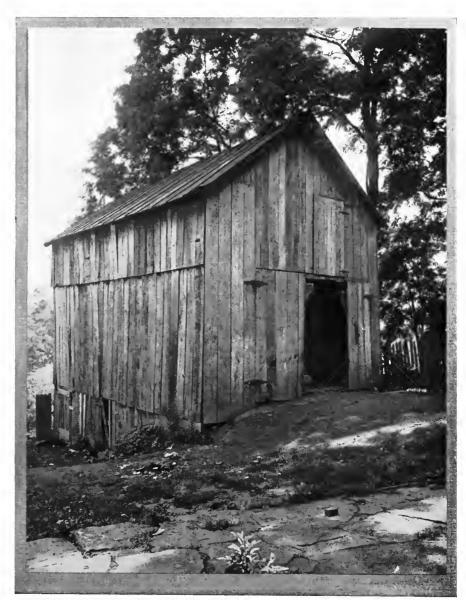
VIEW OF THE GROUNDS WHERE THE FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH WAS ERECTED

Quoting from Grafton's, "Life of Alexander Campbell," we read: "The first need of the new church was a meeting place. Thus far the meetings had been held wherever opportunity afforded, generally in the houses of its devoted members. But the steps recently taken made a fixed meeting place indispensable to the permanent success of the movement. The members, therefore, set to work diligently in the construction of a rude building at Brush Run. So rapidly was the work prosecuted by these willing hands, that by June 16, 1812, Alexander Campbell was able to preach his first sermon in the new meeting-house.



A CORNER TIMBER OF THE OLD CHURCH

So poor were most of the members that they were unable to finish the interior of this modest frame building, and assembled in it for worship even during the inclemency of the winter, without stoves or other means of comfort. But the chill and cheerlessness of their surroundings found compensation in the ardor of their devotion and the warmth of their affection, which had been elevated above the love of party by the love of Christ. In 1844, after several years of disuse, the old church building was moved to the village of West Middletown, a distance of about four and a half miles, and was used as a blacksmith shop, store, postoffice, and for other purposes until now it is back of the main street and the property of a colored man.



This frame building, now situated in the village of West Middletown, is the only relic of Old Brush Run Church.



POOL ON BUFFALO CREEK
The scene of Baptism of Alexander Campbell

In the year 1884, Mr. A. E. Myers arranged a meeting with Mr. Alexander Hanen and William Keenan to locate the place of baptism of the Campbells and other members of the first church.

It is described by Mr. Hanen, who on that memorable occasion was but a babe in arms, and was handed about while his father and mother were baptized. The mother of Mr. Hanen had often pointed out to him during his childhood and youth the exact location at which she and his father were baptised. Although the big sugar tree has disappeared and the bank of the creek is somewhat worn away, yet near by is the old mill race and the pool as landmarks of the scene.

Pleasant Kill Seminary

Founded in 1842 by Mrs. Jane Campbell McKeever, a sister of Alexander Campbell, it was for years the foremost school for girls among the Disciples.

Aunt McKeever, as she was familiarly called by the young ladies, was a fine instructress and was well versed in the Bible, which was a daily study in the school. At first, she was assisted by James Campbell and an able corps of teachers, afterwards by T. C. McKeever, who succeeded her as principal, followed by Mrs. McKeever, his wife, and Miss McVeigh. Hundreds of young ladies were graduated from its old halls well equipped for life's work intellectually and morally.

Emma McGrew.



PLEASANT HILL SEMINARY. HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP
T. C. McKeever, Principal

From old engraving loaned by Mrs. Wilkin



THE SITE OF SEMINARY AS IT IS TO-DAY

Much of interest could be told of Old Pleasant Hill Seminary and its influences on the community about West Middletown. School-day stories are plenty, and at the reunion of former students, Oct. 13, '09, at Mrs. Evans', it is hoped that we shall hear many of them.

During antebellum days, the McKeever home was one of the underground stations, and it is told that upon Mrs. McKeever's remark to her husband, "Matthew, our bread disappears so fast," he replied, "Yes, dear, we have a large family." (There were some fifteen negroes in the barn at the time.) Descendants of some of these colored travelers are to be found in West Middletown to-day.

Matthew McKeever, husband of the founder of the seminary, was a great woolgrower, often owning thousands of sheep at one time. Once he sold \$40,000 worth of

wool, and through trickery never received the money. Such was the fortitude of Mrs. McKeever that she only smiled and went on with her duties. 'Tis told that women from Pittsburg came out to sympathize with her but were confronted with such a cheerful person that they went away without mentioning it.

Mr. McKeever was for many years associated with John Brown (of Harper's Ferry fame), who shared in the sheep-raising profits. During many years before the seminary was built, the church people met in a large brick wool-house of Matthew McKeever's. Besides their own family of nine children, they raised and educated twelve others and many more were given instruction in the school free.

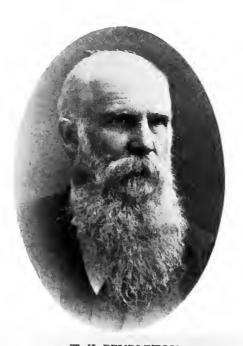


New Library Building

The new Carnegie Library building, for which Andrew Carnegie generously donated \$20,000, has been completed and opened for the use of students. This elegant building, constructed of brown pressed brick, with Berea sandstone trimmings and finished in the interior with polished oak and yellow pine, adds much to the equipment of the college. The building is 95 feet in length and 62 feet in extreme width. On the first floor is a large assembly and banquet room. This floor is supplied with kitchen, range, etc. The second floor is given over to the library proper. It contains book or stock room, reading rooms and toilet rooms. The third floor has four beautiful rooms. One of these is occupied by the Adelphian Literary Society, another by the Christian Associations, a third room is used for mechanical drawing. The friends of the college are enthusiastic in their expressions of appreciation both of the usefulness and beauty of this library.



'RESIDENT T. E. CRAMBLET



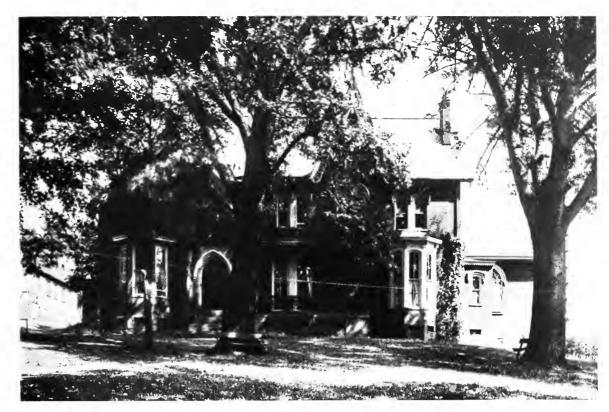
W. K. PENDLETON

The First Vice-President—Active during the time of Alexander Campbell. Much of the early day success of Bethany is due to his ability as a teacher and manager of business affairs.

New Bethany



1909 VIEW OF BETHANY



PENDLETON HEIGHTS

Residence of President Cramblet, formerly the home of President W. K. Pendleton. It was built in 1841. In 1872 remodeled to correspond with the architecture of the college building, which was designed by Mr. Pendleton. It is now the property of the trustees and constitutes a presidents' home.



THE COLLEGE PROMENADE

From Wellsburg to Bethany



This is no longer the tedious trip of seven miles by stage as it used to be, for now the student, visitor, or farmer enjoys the beautiful, comfortable ride by trolley. All the changes and many others in Bethany and elsewhere are due to the untiring efforts of President T. E. Cramblet, now beginning his ninth year of service at Bethany College.

THE OLD TUNNEL—THE NEW TROLLEY



THE
OLD
MILL
ALONG
BETHANY
PIKE

Bethany



The village of Bethany is situated in Brooke county, West Virginia, seven miles southeast of Wellsburg, fifteen miles north of Wheeling, and forty miles south of Pittsburg. Trolley cars leave Wellsburg for Bethany every hour from 6 A. M. until II P. M. Bethany, from the beginning, has been famed for its picturesque and inspiring scenery. It possesses a fascination that delights the student while here, and remains with him a precious memory through life. The moral atmosphere is unusually healthful and stimulating.

BETHANY'S HISTORY

The charter for Bethany College was procured from the Legislature of Virginia in 1840, by John C. Campbell, of Wheeling. The establishment of an institution for the promotion of higher Christian education was for many years the cherished purpose and desire of Alexander Campbell, the illustrious founder. When he was fifty years old he published in "The Millennial Harbinger" the plan of the institution, which, a little later, he inaugurated at Bethany. The first session of the college began in 1841. Mr. Campbell insisted that, as the Bible is the basis of the highest and truest culture, it should form an integral part in college education. For a long time Bethany was the only college in America using the Bible as a text-book. Until recent years the great majority of colleges and many theological seminaries had no place in their courses for the practical study of the Bible.

In the sixty-seven years of her history more than eleven thousand young people have received training in the halls of "Old Bethany." More than one thousand of this number have graduated from the institution. Bethany is proud of her alumni. They are to be found in almost every State of the Union. They are to-day filling, with credit to themselves and their Alma Mater, honorable and responsible places in all the learned professions. Glorious as has been the past, the friends of Bethany confidently look for greater things in the years to come. With a larger endowment than ever before; with the buildings in better condition than in a score of years: with hundreds of friends in all parts of the land; there shall be glorious years yet for this mother of great men, this mother of colleges, this cradle of one of the mightiest religious movements of modern time.



The college owns seventy-five acres of land overlooking the beautiful Buffalo creek. A coal mine on the college land provides fuel for the heating of the buildings. Bethany Water Works supplies reservoirs on the hillside to the northeast of the college. From these, water is piped into the buildings. With pure water, wholesome food, health of surroundings, and comfortable buildings, one may claim for Bethany all the advantages of a present-day health resort. The main college building stands on an elevation in the



center of an attractive campus. It is an imposing structure and is well adapted to the purpose for which it is used. To the south of the main building stands Phillips Hall, a modern and well equipped boarding hall, for young ladies. This building is heated with steam, lighted with electric lights, and has water and sewerage on each floor. It affords accommodations for sixty young ladies. To the north is Pendleton Heights, the beautiful home of the President. This building, recently repaired, is supplied with a hot-air furnace and electric lights. The Young Men's Dormitory stands at the south end of the main college buildings. It is a modern, three-story brick structure with forty rooms. The building is supplied throughout with steam heat, electric lights, bath, sewerage, and all modern conveniences. In all respects this is one of the most comfortable homes for young men to be found among our educational institutions. Directly west of the college tower stands the new gymnasium. This is a building 70 feet by 42 feet, and is wholly adequate to the needs of the student body.



A SCENE ON BUFFALO CREEK, NEAR THE MILL[]DAM

The Evening Kymn

SOFTLY steals the failing light Down the chambers of the West, Sweetly doth the shade invite From our cares and toil to rest.

> Nature now with soothing tone Whispers "Man, 'tis time for prayer, Bow thee with thy God alone, Pour thy vesper offering there."

Father, guide us while the night Darkly round her course fulfills, Wake us when the morning light Smiles above the Eastern hills.

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